WRIT TO GET PAGE'S WIFE OUT.

STEAF OF ACCIDAVITS THAT SHE. IS NOT A DRUNKARD.

the Frets Were Misrepresented Get emy street, early in the morning. a Habeas Corpus When They Hear It.

A writ of hebeas cornus for the release m a sanuarium of Mrs. Jeanie France Fige, wife of Henry W. A. Page, a cotton short, was asked for yesterday by W. 11 K. Olcott, who submitted a sheaf of

chidavits to Justice Newburger week ago yesterday, on affidavits subm tod by Mr. Page and the certificates Drs. Edward Livingston Hunt and clerick Peterson, Justice Leventritt is-I an order committing Mrs. Page to Savjour's sanitarium at Inwood. The Belavits and certificates declared that irs. Page was an habitual drunkard and idicted to drugs. On the representations ained in the affidavits, to the effect at Mrs. Page was in no condition to be expressly inserted in the commitment a clause waiving the service of papers on Mrs. Page was then taken off to the contarium by her husband. After reading the affidavits presented by Mr. Olcott yesterday. Justice Newburger said that he would ok into Mrs. Page's case again and granted a writ calling for her production in court on Monday morning.

In his affidavit ex-Judge Olcott declares that Mrs. Page is personally known to him and that he does not believe her to be intemperate or a drug flend. He has never observed, he says, during his acquaintance with her any indications of such habits He adds that he believes that Mr. Page. by deceitful and false representations to he court, procured the commitment of Mrs. Page to St. Saviour's for the sole

purpose of getting rid of her. William H. Bennet, a nephew of Mrs. Page, says in his affidavit that he was for some time employed by Mr. Page, but was unable to stay because of Page's ungovernable temper. He swears that he never observed any signs of intoxication in his aunt, but did notice that she was frequently made hysterical by her husband's conduct. The principal affidavit is that of Mrs.

William R. Leonard of 255 West Ninetyseventh street. She says that she first met Mrs. Page at the Montclair golf links some years ago, and that after a while they became close friends.

Mrs. Page, says Mrs. Leonard, was a most dutiful and affectionate mother to her three young children, who have been taken from her, now that she is in the sanitarium. She never drank intoxicants or took drugs in Mrs. Leonard's presence, and it was a great surprise, Mrs. Leonard says, when Mr. Page informed her that his wife was a liquor and drug fiend. She did not believe it, and told Page so. At the same time, she says, Mrs. Page protested against such a charge and declared that it was absolutely untrue.

Mrs. Page spent the summer of 1905 with Mrs. Leonard at Belmar, N. J., until September, when Mr. Page sent her to England to live with relatives there. At that time, Mrs. Leonard says, Mr. Page told her that his wife was insane, and that he

intended to get rid of her. Mrs. Page remained in England until and then returned with her children, penniless to find her husband. He was at the Buckingham, and she went there, as she afterward told Mrs. Leonard, but he reused to have anything to do with her and raised such a scene that the hotel authorities told him he must leave. Mrs. Page was sent out also with her children, one of them in arms, and, according to the story related by Mrs. Leonard, she folowed Page until she lost sight of him. Then she appealed to Mrs. Leonard for bein as she was without a dollar.

The day before her commitment Mrs. Page told Mrs. Leonard that she had had another scene with her husband, who had threatened to have her committed as inane. Mrs. Leonard heard no more until she learned that Mrs. Page had been taken to St. Saviour's on an order of the court. the visited Mrs. Page there and was told by the young married woman (Mrs. Page is 30) that she had been lured to the sanitarium by her husband on the pretext that he was going to find a nice home for them, where they could forget their past troubles and live happily henceforth.

Attie G. Naanes, a nurse, says that she ccuied a room next to Mrs. Page's at \$42 West Twenty-third street for the few days previous to her commitment. She says that on April 18 she heard a violent liscussion between Mrs. Page and her husband, in which the latter asked his wife why she had returned to disgrace him. She replied, Miss Naanes says, that she had to return, as she could not live in England without money. "What other home have I than yours?" Mrs. Page asked.

Miss Naanes says that she formed the elief from some remarks dropped by Page that he intended to take possession of the three children. In connection with this, she says, he once turned to her and exclaimed: "If you don't help me and he a witness I'll choke you."

The nurse says that during the few days she knew her she had never observed any signs of intoxication or drugging

about Mrs. Page. Other affidavits to the effect that Mrs.

Page's conduct as a woman and a mother a exemplary and that she is anything but drunkard were made by Corinne L. Merrill, wife of Frank Merrill; Mary Kidde of Montclair and Mr. and Mrs. William Deering of 293 Central Park West.

In his affidavit on the application for the commitment Page declared that his wife was a morphine and whiskey flend and had repeatedly threatened to take her own and the children's lives. He was once, he says, obliged to take a revolver from her to protect himself. At Montclair, he said, Dr. John S. Erown and Dr. Irving A. Meeker examined her and treated her for intoxica-

Mr. Olcott said yesterday that he had een all the doctors except Brown, whom he could not find. Drs. Hunt and Peterson, he says, told him that they had seen Mrs. Page only once before making their certificates. Dr. Meeker told him over the elephone that he had never treated Mrs. Page for intoxication but had attended her once when she was suffering from the effects of an accidental overdose of cocaine. Dr. Meeker told Mr. Ofcott that he had never seen Mrs. Page under the influence

Purest Water-Equinex Depot, 198 W. Broadway, Tel. 6151 Franklin.-Ade.

Has Now Had Three Children Since He Was 80 Years of Age.

"No race suicide for me," said School Commissioner John H. Thirv of Long Island City yesterday, and then he communicated she Bas Committed & Days Ago at Her Hus- | the fact that a lusty heir had made his apand's instance, and Friends Who Say pearance in the Thiry household, 181 Acad-

Commissioner Thiry is 84 years old and has been a father three times since he passed his eightieth milestone.

"And yet it has been said that men of 60 should be oslerized," said Commissioner Thirv. He was celebrating his eightieth birthday

four years ago when Henrietta made her first appearance in this world, and two years later Francis was born.

"I'm a young man yet," said the Commissioner, who carries his 84 years in a remarkable way. "By the time I grow old I want to have several children around to brighten my declining years."

Mrs. Thiry became the Commissioner's served with legal papers, Justice Leventritt | wife nine years ago. She is now 30 years old, and the young fellow who made his first appearance yesterday morning is her third child. Before her marriage she was Miss Margaret O'Conner. Commissioner Thiry has been married twice and several of his children are double the age of his present wife. Mr. Thiry was born in Belgium, and fifty

years ago he was told by his physician that he was dying of consumption. He then decided on a sea trip and came to this country. He landed in New York city. where he established a book business and afterward became wealthy. After a time he forgot all about his illness. Years ago he retired and moved to Long Island City. where he owns a number of houses. His own house, the one in which he lives, is covered with grapevines, and it is his especial delight to manufacture their product into wine. He has been School Commissioner for many years and only recently was reappointed by Borough President He is the father of the school savingsbank system in Long Island City. He thinks there is nothing more valuable in the world than to teach children early essons of thrift.

All day yesterday he was receiving the congratulations of his friends. School children who know him well presented him with flowers. He was without doubt the happiest man on Long Island.

T. F. SMITH FOR CONGRESS In Hearst's Place Is the Report-Mr. Hearst

Annexes the 4th of July. William R. Hearst, according to report, s not to be renominated for Congress in the Eleventh district. Thomas F. Smith. secretary of Tammany, may be nominated to succeed Mr. Hearst. The district is Democratic by a good majority. Mr. Hearst has been a member of the Fiftyeighth and Fifty-ninth Congresses, his last plurality being 9,661.

Mr. Hearst's friends said again yesterday that he is to convene on July 4, either in New York city or Syracuse, to nominate himself as an independent candidate for Governor. They say he has become convinced that he will not be taken up by the regular Democratic State convention, and the inside information indicates that the regulars will nominate either Mayor Adam of Buffalo, ex-Judge D-Cady Herrick of Albany, who made the race in 1904, or District Attorney Jerome of New York city. In a three cornered fight for Governor the conservative Democrats expect to win with their man and expect that the Republican candidate will come second and Hearst last in the race.

Cord Meyer, chairman of the Democratic State committee, is to call the committee together on or about May 15 and resign as chairman, and ex-Representative Francis Burton Harrison is to be elected in his place. The conservative Democrats have been subsoiling the State for weeks past, and it was their testimony yesterday that if Hearst is eating into any vote it is the Republican vote. The evidence was. it was added, that the Republicans are pretty well tired of the manœuvring of Chairman Odell and looking to his retirement as State chairman.

HOTEL MANHATTAN ALARM. Chimney Fire Causes More Excitement

Outside Than Among Guests. Some one saw smoke coming from the roof of the Hotel Manhattan at Madison avenue and Forty-second street shortly after three o'clock yesterday afternoon and sent in an alarm from the box at Madison avenue and Forty-fifth street. The arrival of the fire apparatus attracted a big crowd and stirred up considerable excitement. The presence of mind of the hotel employees prevented any panic among the guests. But few of those within the hotel knew of

the fire. Smoke filled the rooms of the Trans portation Club on the top floor and a little got below. This caused a few women to rush for the elevator, but they were reassured and returned to their rooms. The Elmira College Club was holding a luncheon on the floor above the office. The floise of three engines in the street interfered with the speeches, but there was no other

trouble. The fire was a "chimney fire." It was over in a few minutes and there was no

\$10,000.000 FOR STANFORD.

Well Known Student Says the University 1

to Receive a Great Gift. BAKERSFIELD, Cal., April 28 .- "Stanford University is to be rebuilt on a grander scale than before. A multi-millionairehis name is known, but will not be made public for some time-will give \$10,000,000

These were the words of P. P. Bittner, a student of Stanford University, who passed through this city to-day to his home in Albuquerque, N. M., Mr. Bittner is editor in chief of the Daily Palo Alto, the student body publication. He has been in close touch with President David Starr Jordan throughout the last ten days.

"It is sickening to look upon those buildings and see them in their wrecked condition," he said. "The news that the university is to be rebuilt and that some interested person has promised to give \$10,000,000 to the institution has raised our spirits sky high."

With Mr. Bittner were many other Stanford students whose homes are in the East. All till return when the university opens.

So easy, youthful and comfortable. The Toric eye-glasses made at Spencer's, 12 Maiden Lanc.—Adv.

THIRY A FATHER AT SI YEARS. FRANCE LOOKS TO TROUBLE,

SUSPECTS MAY DAY ATTACKS BY ENEMIES OF THE REPUBLIC.

Exodus From Paris by Those Who Expect an Outbreak - Government's Weakness Has Allowed the Situation to Reach a Very Serious Point of Anarchy.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PARIS, April 28.-It would be easy to take a pessimistic view of the outlook of this disturbed country. The forces of disorder are marshalling themselves in greater numbers than ever before under this republie and they are threatening unspeakable things.

At last, however, the emergency has been met in the only possible way. The vacillation and dilatoriness which were largely responsible for the crisis have given place to firmness, and law and authority are to be adequately defended.

There can be but one result of the threatened uprising if this policy is vigorously executed. It may require one or two sharp lessons here and there to convince the unruly portion of the community of the futility of their defiance of the law, but the danger of a general outbreak in Paris, at all events, is disappearing for the present. The troops in the capital now outnumber the strikers, and the hopelessness of any attack by an unarmed mob is obvious to the meanest intelligence.

It is true that a panicky feeling prevails among the general inhabitants, and the exodus from the city is greater than during any similar emergency in recent times. This is due largely to the first weakness displayed by the Government in allowing the situation in the north to reach the point of anarchy before bringing repressive measures to bear. Such danger as exists lies not so much in the next few days as when the present extraordinary precautions are re-

It is impossible to estimate the extent to which the strike has spread. It has not as yet involved trades directly affecting the daily life of the people. The food supplies are not threatened, although the hotels. many householders and even embassies are laying in large supplies. There is no sign of trouble among the railway or telegraph employees. Many manufacturing and constructive trades are idle, but the total number of workers who are out hardly exceeds 40,000 in Paris. These will probably be largely augmented by next Tuesday, Many employees, however, will demon-strate their sympathy with the movement merely by stopping work at the end of eight hours each day.

It would be unfair to describe the plot against the republic which the Government announces it has discovered as a mare's nest, but it should not be taken too seriously. Every effort was made to-day by labor unions and opponents of the Government to ridicule the reported plot, and with some suc-

It is pointed out that it is absurd to say that the clericals and monarchists are conspiring with the Socialists to destroy the republic. There is some truth probably in the allegation that the extreme clericals and some royalists are doing all possible to encourage the strikers, but that a definite conspiracy exists between these classes is hardly credible.

Attention is so concentrated on the imme diate disturbances that there is little attention paid by the general public to the effect of the daily developments upon the election of May 6. It is too soon to form any estimate of the result of the electoral contest. Reports from some sections of the provinces are more disquieting than the outlook in Paris. Violence is more likely to occur there in the next two or three days than in the capital itself. The military preparations in the provincial cities are not so complete as here and sharp emergencies are feared in unexpected quarters.

An attempt was made this morning to destroy the railway bridge across the Seine at Argenteuil, four miles from Paris. The bridge was not damaged seriously.

A thousand strikers tried to make a demonstration on the boulevards to-day. They were promptly dispersed by the police. Every precaution has been taken against disorder, but the public mind is highly strung, and numbers of people are leaving Paris, fearing that there will be rouble on May Day.

Minister of the Interior Clémenceau ordered the copies of La Vie Illustrée seized at the station of the Northern Railway to-day on their arrival from Brussels, where the edition had been printed, owing to the printers' strike in Paris. The seizure was made because the paper comically represented by means of faked photographs the advent of the collectivists to

On the Rue de la Paix to day a procession of 200 strikers, singing the "Internationale" and headed by a woman carrying a red flag, bound with crape, was dispersed by

the police. The attempt to blow up the railway bridge across the Seine at Argenteuil, four miles from Paris, this morning is ascribed to anarchists. A large hole was blown in the structure, but the rails were not damaged. All the windows in the neighborhood were broken. The report was heard for a distance of five miles. In consequence of the attempt soldiers are guarding all bridges and tunnels. Three minutes before the explosion a train crowded with emigrants crossed 'he bridge. Preparations for a strike on May 1 are proceeding at Lyons, Marseilles and Cham-

CHICAGO TO LOSE 500 SALOONS.

bery. It is expected that 20,000 men will

City Collector Thinks That Number Fall to Pay \$1,000 License

CHICAGO, April 28.-City Collector Traeger estimates the falling off in the number of saloon licenses at 500 when the first period under the \$1,000 a year fee law opens next

"The saloon keepers figure that May to November includes the hot weather months and that they will make money," said the City Collector to-day. "I think the number will be decreased about 500 by the time the second period licenses are required. I have made inquiries and have heard many complaints from saloon keepers. But in al most every instance the hardest kickers have expressed their intention of continuing in business."

TO REDUCE CANAL COMMISSION THE BRIDEGROOM A CRIMINAL From Seven to Three and Chop the Chairman's Salary in Half.

Washington, April 28 .- The Senate Comnttee on Interoceanic Canals devoted two hours to-day in an effort to reach an agreement on the character of legislation for Panama. No conclusion was reached, but the majority of the committee appears to be in favor of reducing the number of commissioners from seven to three and reducing salaries materially. If the plan prevails the present commission will be abolished entirely, which will eliminate J. B. Bishop, and the President will be

authorized to name a new commission of three members. Should the committee decide that all hree commissioners must reside in the Canal Zone, it would probably mean the retirement of T. P. Shonts, chairman of the present commission, for he has said repeatedly that he would not reside in the Zone and would resign his office if it became necessary in the discharge of his duties for him to live on the Isthmus. It may be arranged to have the general executive offices in the United States, which would render it possible for Chairman Shonts to continue at the head of the new commission. The committee hopes to reach a conclusion and report on legislation next week.

Senator Morgan of Alabama said that he had not asked Senator Bailey to go on the committee to succeed Senator Gorman, whose ill health prevents his attendance. Senator Foster of Louisiana may take the place.

It is likely that William Nelson Cromwell's connection with the Panama Railroad Company as counsel will cease, as members of the committee believe all legal matters should be under the direction of the Attorney-General and such special assistant as he may find it necessary to appoint

Another proposal in the line of curtailing official authority is to require Gov. Magoon to give up the dual rôle of Governor of the Canal Zone and canal commissioner. A majority of the committee believe the offices should be distinct.

Salaries will be cut unsparingly. It is proposed to chop the salary of the chairman of the commission in half. It is now 130,000.

WOMAN WEDGED UNDER TRAIN. Platform and Jumped on Track.

A young woman about 27 years old, wearing clothes of good quality, threw herself on the tracks of the Third avenue elevated railway directly in the path of a northbound train as it approached the Eighteenth street station last night. She was killed instantly. The woman went to the station with a

young man, who left her after buying her She watched him go down the tickets. stairs and then leaned over the railing of the platform to wave a last good-by. As she turned away a northbound train was approaching. Without hesitation she jumped directly in front of the motor.

The first car passed over her, but she was caught under the front truck of the second Several women passengers who witnessed the accident fainted and Esther Quinn, a

trained nurse of 450 Forty-eighth street. tried to go to the aid of the woman under the car. She was unable to reach her. Truck No. 3 was called to assist in the moval of the body. Dr. White of Bellevue

Hospital said that the girl had been instantly killed. The body was extricated in about half an hour, wrapped in a tarpaulin and carried

to the East Twenty-second street police station. The ticket chopper said that the man bought two tickets and dropped them in the box, then turned suddenly and left

FORGED WM. M. IVINS'S NAME.

Former Valet Arrested on Complaint of Oriental Bank-Played the Races.

Detectives from Police Headquarters arrested last night Alfred Ellert, formerly valet and personal attendant of William M. Ivins, on a charge of forgery. The Oriental Bank, Broadway and John street is the complainant.

The officers of the bank charge Ellert with having forged Mr. Ivins's name to two checks, one for \$75 and the other for \$25. The checks were presented by Ellert at the bank several days ago. The cashier was suspicious and refused to cash them. Later he called up Mr. Ivins in regard to

Mr. Ivins said last night that Ellert had been in his employ from last fall until about a week ago. Mr. Ivins used to send him to the bank with checks frequently. About a week ago some papers disappeared from Mr. Ivins's office and a little later Ellert

The police say that Ellert has had checks cashed with Mr. Ivina's signature on them amounting to \$400. They say Ellert used the money in playing the races. He was arrested at his home, 690 East 156th street. He has a wife and two children.

SLEUTHS FIND MORE SILK.

\$3,300 Worth in Man's Cellar, \$800 Worth Identified as Stolen-Lottery Tickets, Too

Hyman Fayner, a silk merchant, with ffices at 1713 Madison avenue, reported to the police of the East 104th street station house yesterday that his place had been broken open the day before and a quantity of silk stolen. The thieves got into the store by cutting through the floor from the cellar. Detectives went down to the East Sixtyseventh street station house, where two silk thieves had been arrested and held the A big, burly Scotchman grabbed Weil, who previous day, and it is believed on information furnished by them went to the house of Samuel Zaleshetz, at 61 Chestnut street. to look things over. They found \$3,300 worth of silks in the man's cellar and took him to the station

Mr. Fayner was sent for and identified him. The man protested his innocence, declaring that he had purchased the stuff. Several tickets in the German Imperial Lottery were found in his pockets. He was held on charges of receiving stolen goods and having lottery tickets in his

Congress Water aids digestion, cures insomnia dyspepsia and all stomach troubles. All druggists have it. CONGRESS SPRINGS COMPANY, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.—Acc.

Leave New York 5:30 P. J., arrly Cleveland 7:46 next morning. A suporb i ain, b the New York Central Lines.—Age,

MARRIAGE OF MISS MARY MOORE OF BROOKLYN ANNULLED.

It Was a Fashionable Affair on New Year's Day in 1901-Affidavits Convince Justice Burr That Lewis Luke McGlinn Was Then a Fugitive From Justice.

The marriage of Miss Mary Moore, a daughter of Edward E. Moore of 111 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, a member of the New York and New Jersey Transportation Company, to Lewis Luke McGlinn, which was solemnized in St. Augustine's Catholic church, in Sixth avenue and Sterling place, on New Year's day, 1901, was annulled yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Joseph A. Burr, sitting in Chambers in Brooklyn.

Although the marriage was a very fashionable one and attracted much attention, a sensational incident, which occurred a few hours after the ceremony and which resulted in the immediate and permanent separation of the bride and bridegroom was not revealed until the private hearing in the annulment proceedings before Justice Burr vesterday. The history of the case as presented by

Lawyers Ehrinberg and Manne, counsel for the plaintiff, is as follows: In October, 1900. Miss Moore and Lewis Luke McGlinn met for the first time at a social gathering in Manhattan. Miss Moore was then in her twenty-first year, while McGlinn was about five or six years older. The person who introduced them to each other represented McGlinn as a lawyer with fine prospects and as belonging to a good family in the upper part of the State. McGlinn's attentions to Miss Moore became marked from the instant of their acquaintance and he was a frequent visitor at her home in Frooklyn.

He pushed his suit with great ardor, and so adroitly managed to conceal his real character both from the young woman and her father that no objection was in terposed to his proposal that the marriage be celebrated on January 1, less than three months after their acquaintance had been formed. While the preparations for the marriage were in progress McGlinn daily sent letters from his supposed law office at 392 Greenwich street to his affianced and did not let a day pass that he did not Waved Good-By to Man From Elevated make a visit to her home on the Park Slope,

The church was thronged with visitors to the ceremony, which was followed by a big house reception. There were profuse floral decorations, which the bridegroom insisted on furnishing at his own expense, but the bill for which, amounting to nearly \$1,000, he never paid.

It chanced, according to the story revealed before Justice Burr, that an uncle of the bridegroom, who had not been invited to the ceremony, happened to pass the church | Foundation Excavations for New County while it was in progress and through curiosity entered.

He was dumfounded when he recognized in the bridegroom his nephew. McGlinn, who is a fugitive from justice and has been discarded by his family. The uncle before the departure of the visitors from the church learned who the bride was and also where she lived. The same evening after the wedding reception was over and the bride and bridegroom were preparing to take their departure on their honeymoon trip the uncle made his appearance at the house. He denounced his nephew as an imposto so far as his standing as a lawyer

concerned, and a criminal The bridegroom admitted all the charges made by his uncle and, hurriedly putting on his hat and coat, fled from the house. Jumping into the carriage that had been awaiting him and his bride, he disappeared. On the same night he took flight from the city, and ever since his whereabouts have been unknown. It was some time before the proceedings for the annulment of the marriage were instituted, and it was only a few months ago that the plaintiff received permission to have the complaint served by publication, so that the secret of Miss Moore's unhappy marriage has been confined for such a long period to a very small

number of her friends. Among the affidavits submitted to Justice Burr was one from Homer S. Cummings, a former Mayor of Stamford, Conn., in which McGlinn was accused of forging his name to checks amounting to \$1,000 and of being a fugitive from justice from that State, and one from Louis Brenecke, a forme employer of McGlinn, charging him with \$1,000 defalcation. No defence was interposed, and at the close of the hearing Justice Burr said:

"As long as the marriage was not conummated, sufficient fraud has been proved to justify me in annulling the marriage. When called on last night Mr. Moore declined to give the name of McGlinn's uncle or any further particulars in regard

"SHAKE DOWN" TOO LATE. Gamblers on an Ocean Liner, Caught Produced Only \$130

London, April 28.—The steamship Lucania which sailed for New York to-day, had among her passengers on her last voyage to Liverpool from the United States two American card sharpers who received drastic treatment. The sharps, who passed under the names of W. G. Holland and H. S. Weil, won considerable money, and at last the suspicions of their fellow players were aroused. At the close of the game, after Holland and Weil had left, the cards were examined, and it was found that all the high cards were marked. A committee went in search of the suspected gamblers, who were supposed to be strangers to each other, and found them in the same cabin. was a little chap, by the ankles and dangled him in midair, shaking his watch and money out of his pockets and occasionally allowing his head to bump the floor. Weil and Holland were then stripped of all their clothes and their trunks were searched. About \$130 was recovered. It is believed the rest of the winnings of the gamblers were sent \$800 worth of the goods as belonging to ashore at Queenstown when the steamer

arrived at that port. A guard was placed at the cabin door and Weil and Holland were not allowed to leave or to have their meals until the boat arrived at Liverpool, where their clothes were returned to them and they were permitted to go ashore, amid the jeers of their fellow passengers. Holland is known about Lon-

DEWEY'S WINES STAND FOR QUALITY.
We make Pure Wines and mature them natural H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., Les Pulton St., New York.

WOMAN ACCUSES GOV. HOCH. Wife of Ex-Gov. Stanley Says Present Governor Tried to Kiss Her.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 28.-Two days before the Republican State convention, with the reformer, Gov. E. W. Hoch, a candidate for reelection, the Topeka State Journal printed to-day a story that has been whispered among Kansas politicians for months.

Mrs. Stanley, wife of ex-Gov. Stanley, made public a statement to-day in which she said Gov. Hoch attempted to embrace and kiss her when she called at his office on official business late last year.

Mrs. Stanley was a member of the Board of Control of State Charitable Institutions, having been appointed by Gov. Hoch. She

resigned her position a month ago. Gov. Hoch made the following statement to the newspapers to-day, and beyond it would say nothing in regard to the affair: "I do not care to discuss this matter except to say that the story which has been whispered around by scandalmongers is grossly unkind and unjust to me. I have

TREMONT TEMPLE BARS GORKY. Boston Pastor Says Russia Should Send a Man of Clean Morals.

committed no intentional wrong and hold

the person in question in the highest es-

Boston, April 29 .-- Maxim Gorky will not speak in Tremont Temple May 2, the use of the temple having been refused his friends.

Regarding the refusal the Rev. P. S. Henson, the pastor, said to-day: "Whatever appears in the temple is with the quasi indorsement of the Temple Church. The attitude of Mr. Gorky toward the general public is such that the Temple would be compromised should he appear on its platform. If Russia would send a man with a clear record and a decent moral character we would give him a cordial

BIG OIL FIRE NEAR ELIZABETH, It Starts With the Explosion of Two of Thirty-five Tanks.

Fire followed the explosion of two oil tanks at the Bay Way Refining Company's plant, near Elizabeth, N. J., last night. There were thirty-five tanks of oil and the flames rapidly got beyond control. entire fire department of Elizabeth was called out and Staten Island was asked to help. The spectacle attracted a great crowd from Elizabeth and it was found necessary to send out the police reserves to keep order. At a late hour it was reported that there had been no casualties. The fire was still burning. The damage could not be estimated.

Shortly after 1 o'clock the fire was reported under control. The damage was estimated at \$200,000. CHICAGO CITY HALL SINKING.

Building Causes Danger. CHICAGO, April 28.-Several large cracks have appeared in the south end of the city hall and have created uneasiness among city officials and employees in the building.

sunk an additional one-eighth of an inch during the night. S. F. C. Shankland, a civil engineer, was hastily summoned by Acting Commissioner of Public Works O'Donnell, and he made a thorough investigation of the rifts in the ceilings and walls of the rooms in the south nd and the effect upon the foundation of

the building. The settling is caused by the construction of the new county building, and it may be necessary to support the city structure

upon jacks to avoid a serious accident. KILLS HER MONTH OLD SON. Follows Instructions Druggist Gave for

DANBURY, Conn., April 28 .- After a quarrel with her husband to-day Mrs. C. H. Magersuppe, 19 years old, killed her onemonth-old son with chloroform, following instructions given by a druggist for killing Her husband's arrival prevented her from

committing suicide. She is under arrest charged with murder. FIRE STARTED WITH KEROSENE, Fifth Ave. Publishing House Saved From

Loss by Window Cleaners' Discovery. R. B. Hamilton, who is connected with the University Society Publishing Company, 78 Fifth avenue, reported to Capt. Stevenson of the Mercer street police station last night that window cleaners at work in the building had discovered a fire behind some shelving in the company's loft on the fourth floor about & o'clock and

extinguished the blaze. The building is a modern ten story structure and the captain went around to investigate. In a corner of the room among a lot of old boxes and furniture he found a pile of broomsticks wrapped in an old skirt and a quantity of cotton, the whole saturated with kerosene oil. It was the black smoke from this pile burning that had at-

tracted the cleaners. If the blaze had not been discovered just in the nick of time, the captain says, the consequences would have been serious, The matter was referred to the Fire Marshal.

BUYS THE MILBURN RESIDENCE. Wealthy Pittsburger Will Live in House Where Mckinley Died.

PITTSBURG, April 28.-P. M. Shannon, a wealthy Pittsburger, interested in oil and railroad development, has bought the Milburn residence in Buffalo, where President McKinley died. Mr. Shannon will occupy the house as a residence, although he will still retain his business offices in Pittsburg.

HE RANG FIVE O'CLOCK. Passenger From the St. Louis Betrayed by Some of His 43 Watches.

The sound of fairy bells chiming 5 o'clock struck Customs Inspector Donohue as a curiosity on the American Line pier yesterday, and as the music appeared to proceed from the person of S. A. Jemeil of 17 Rect or street, just landed from the St. Louis, Donohue investigated. Forty-three gold and silver watches were under Mr. Jemeil's clothes, hung on a string that passed over his shoulders and down his property logs. Several of the matching that trousers legs. Several of the repeaters. All were seized. Several of the watches were

Special Cable Despatch to THE SU: LONDON, April 28.-It is learned from a letter written by Waldorf Astor to a friend that the date of his marriage to Mrs. Nettie Shaw has not been definitely fixed, but that it will probably take place about three weeks hence in London.

\$100,000,000 FOR THE NAVY.

COMMITTEE PROVIDES FOR A GREAT BATTLESHIP.

Over \$30,000,000 for the Increase of the Navy-No Increase in Enlisted Force -Three Torpedo Boat Destroyers Provided For-\$1,000,000 for Submarines.

WASHINGTON, April 28.-The Naval Appropriation bill was reported to the House to-day by Chairman Foss of the Committee on Naval Affairs. It will be taken up for consideration next week. The measure carries a total of \$99,734,215, against estimates by the Department aggregating \$121,565,718. The largest single item in the bill is that of \$20,000,000 for pay of the navy. Under increase of the navy there is appropriated \$17.830.829 for construction and machinery and \$15,145,000 for armor and armament

Aside from these items the Bureau of Ordnance gets \$8,408,000; the Bureau of Equipment, \$6.874.028; construction and repair, \$7,782,824; for public works, under yards and docks, \$2,843,450, of which amount \$95,050 is to be expended at the Boston yard, \$128,500 at the New York vard, \$459,500 at Charleston, \$207,000 at Olongapo, \$100,000 for a floating steel drydock and \$500,000 for preservation and repairs at navy yards.

The Department's request for an increase of 3,000 in the number of petty officers and men is refused because of the fact, as stated in the report, that the present quota of 34,500 men, and apprentices to the number of 2,500, is short of being filled by about 5,500. An appropriation of \$466,000 is recom-

mended for modernizing the batteries of the Massachusetts and Oregon and for new guns on the New York. An increase of \$1,000,000 is made in the appropriation for coal and transportation, due to the increase of the fleet, and the requirement is made that coal be shipped in American bottoms. Under increase of the navy the bill con-

tains the following provision: "One first class battleship, carrying as heavy armor and as powerful armament as any known of its class, to have the highest practicable speed and greatest practicable radius of action, and to cost, exclusive of armament and armor, not exceeding \$6,000,000, provided that before approving any plans or specifications for the construction of such battleship the Secretary of the Navy shall afford by advertisement or otherwise, in his discretion, a reasonable opportunity to any competent constructor who may desire so to do to submit plans and specifications for his consideration, for which said plans, should the same be used by the Department and be not submitted by or on behalf of a successful bidder for the contract, such compensation shall be paid as the Secretary of the Navy shall deem just and reliable out of the amount herein appropriated under the head 'contingent,

Three torpedo boat destroyers, to have the highest practicable speed and to cost exclusive of armament not to exceed

\$750,000 each, are provided for. The Secretary of the Navy is "authorized in his discretion to contract for or purchase The foundation was found to-day to have subsurface or submarine torpedo boats to an amount not exceeding \$1,000,000. after such competitive tests as he shall see fit to prescribe to determine the comparative efficiency of the different boats for which bids may be submitted; provided that such competitive tests shall take

> the passage of this act." The cost of such a programme, it is estimated, will be \$10,000,000 for the battleship, \$2,250,000 for the three torpedo boat destrovers and \$1,000,000 for the submarines r a total of \$13,250,000. Regarding the

big battleship the report says: "The great naval powers of the world are building battleships of large tonnage-England has recently launched the Dreadnought, a ship of nearly 19,000 tons; Japan is building one of even larger tonnage and Germany has recently increased the tonnage of some of her ships heretofore authorized to 18,000 tons. The Secretary of the Navy recommended that if Congress should authorize but one battleship this year 'it shall be the largest and strongest battleship that is known to be afloat."

limit of cost of the Connecticut be increased to \$4,600,000, an increase of \$380,000, made necessary "by the increased cost of construction in navy yards." The bill carries an appropriation of \$100,000 to repair, equip and restore the old Constitution and put her as far as

The committee recommends that the

practicable in her original condition, but not for active service. LIVELY PARK RUNAWAY.

letoria Smashes Runabout and Tips Over on Fifth Ave.-Driver Badly Hurt. While Mr. and Mrs. Isaao Meinhard of 106 Central Park West were driving down the east drive of the park yesterday afternoon in a victoria a passing automobile frightened the horse, causing it to bolt down the drive. The victoria bumped into a runabout going north, smashing it and liberating the horse which was harnessed to it. The horse was soon stopped

by Mounted Policeman Dobson. The victoria dashed along to the Plaza entrance, where the driver, Michael Cunningham, 48 years old, living at 109 West End avenue, was thrown off by a sudden turn of the vehicle. He was pitched forward and narrowly escaped the wheels. The horse kicked him in the head, and at the Presbyterian Hospital it was said that he probably had a fractured skull

The victoria slewed across Fifth avenue toward the Hotel Netherland, where one of the wheels struck the curb and it upset. Mr. and Mrs. Meinhard were thrown out on the sidewalk. They were assisted to 784 Fifth avenue, the home of Henry Meinhard, brother of Isaac Meinhard. They were suffering from bruises and shock. They went home later. Isaac Meinhard is a real estate operator, with an office at 320 Broadway.

The horse, freed from the remnants of the victoria, went on down Fifth avenue, but was stopped at Fifty-eighth street by some cab driver. As the victoria swung out of the Park entrance to the Plaza Mounted Policeman Faney made an ineffectual attempt to stop the horse. He was thrown to the ground and severely

President and Mrs. Roosevelt Take a Trip Down the Potomac.

WASHINGTON, April 28 .- President Rooserelt. Mrs. Roosevelt and their daughter, Miss Ethel, left Washington this evening on the United States yacht Sylph for a trip down the Potomac. They will be gono until Monday morning.